

Complete while viewing the presentation “Language Development and Signing go Hand in Hand”.

Slide 1. Do you know how to sign? STUDENT RESPONSE

Slide 2. Write your answers from the True or False slide. STUDENT RESPONSE

Slide 3. The twins’ conversation shows examples of INTONATION

Slide 4. What are the 4 stages of Acquiring Language?

1<sup>ST</sup> STAGE “BABBLING” ONE-SYLLABLE SOUNDS

2<sup>ND</sup> STAGE SINGLE WORD

3<sup>RD</sup> STAGE TWO-WORD COMBINATIONS

4<sup>TH</sup> STAGE - SENTENCES

Slide 5. Write the words that are not in your everyday vocabulary from this slide. STUDENT RESPONSE

Slide 6. How could you talk about other letters in the alphabet? STUDENT RESPONSE

Slide 7. What is the 30 Million Word Gap? CHILDREN FROM MIDDLE CLASS HOME HEAR 30 MILLION MORE WORDS IN THE FIRST THREE YEARS OF LIFE THAN POOR CHILDREN HEAR.

Slide 8. How many sounds are in the English Language? 44

Slide 9. When can Infants understand language? SORTLY AFTER BIRTH

- When do infants begin to speak? BETWEEN 12 – 24 MONTHS
- When can a baby learn sign language? BY AGE 6 MONTHS
- What are the benefits to using sign language? CRY LESS, LESS FRUSTRATION, WILL SPEAK EARLIER, HAVE HIGHER IQ, WILL HAVE LARGER VOCABULATY

Slide 10. Parents are encouraged to use ASL because IT’S A LANGUAGE THAT DOES EXSIST AND IT’S EASY TO LOOK UP WORDS & REMAIN CONSISTANT

- Sign language has its own regional DIALECT

Slide 11. Signing doesn’t inhibit VOCABULARY.

Slide 12. How many times would you repeat the lesson for signing a word? STUDENT RESPONSE

Slide 13. How would you teach a baby the sign for “eat”? STUDENT RESPONSE

Slide 14. Check your answers from slide2. How many questions did you guess correctly? \_\_\_\_\_

Slide 15. What was your opinion of this presentation and how does it relate to real life?